Dr. Edward William Archibald

Chair of the Department of Surgery

±1923-1935

Dr. Edward William Archibald , M D

3Archibald received his formal education in the Montreal Schools and McGill

tment, 1923 to 1937, and chief

surgeon at the Royal Victoria Hospital, 1918 to 1932. He was also surgeon to Children's Memorial Hospital, Montreal.

At the outbreak of the first World War he joined the Canadian Army Medical Corps and served more than two years overseas with No. 3 Canadian General Hospital, including four months at the front with No. 1 Canadian casualty clearing station. He presented this first hand experience in the treatment of shock, including his disappointment in his pioneer effortex to shock by the limited transfusions then available, to the American Surgical Association's meeting in June 1917. Archibald's interest in thoracic surgery may well be attributed to the tentative treatment of chest wounds he witnessed during his army view. On returning home his interest rapidly extended to the surgical treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis. Familiar with the German scene, and particularly the work of Sauerbruch, and with Saranac not too far away, he introduced to this continent traditable.

the pancreas and its relationship to the biliary tree. His organizational foresight is well demonstrated in the founding of the Montreal H X U R O R J L F D O $$, Q V W L W X W H $$ X Q G H U $$ K L V $$ F	R O (
Source: J. Gordon Scannell, MD J Thorac Cardiovasc Surg 1997;114:307	